

2013 U.S. TOUR OF THE RELIC OF SAINT MARY MAGDALENE

February 20 — March 22, 2013

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St. John the Evangelist in Streamwood Will Host the Relic of Saint Mary Magdalene on Wednesday, February 27th

STREAMWOOD—Cardinal George and other Illinois bishops have written to Bishop Dominique Rey, of Fréjus-Toulon in France, regarding the relic of Saint Mary Magdalene. They have encouraged Bishop Rey to allow the relic to travel to Illinois for a one-month tour.



A portion of the tibia of Saint Mary Magdalene is enclosed in a glass tube and then placed in the reliquary

Father Henri-Dominique de Spéville, OP, a French Dominican priest, will carry the relic in a reliquary to Chicago for its debut on February 20th at St. Vincent Ferrer Church in River Forest. For two weeks the relic will visit churches in the Archdiocese of Chicago and then will travel to the Diocese of Joliet. After Joliet, the relic will visit churches in the Diocese of Peoria, Springfield and the Archdiocese of St. Louis, Missouri, where the final day of the tour will take place at St. Dominic Priory in St. Louis.

The purpose of the tour, which continues through March 22nd, is to share the holiness of the relic and to tell the story of the saint who is recorded as the first witness to the Resurrection of Jesus Christ. She is often referred to as *Apostle to the Apostles*. Tradition has it that some years after the Crucifixion, Mary Magdalene was imprisoned. On release she and other close followers of Jesus were cast out to sea on the shores of Palestine in a boat without sails or oars or supplies. The boat miraculously came to shore on the coast of Gaul (France) in a town near Marseille. After preaching with her companions and converting the whole of Provence, Mary Magdalene retired to a mountain cave, known as *La Sainte-Baume* (which means holy cave), and spent the last thirty years of her life in solitude.

A letter of authenticity from Bishop Dominique Rey reports that the relics were hidden at the time of the Saracen invasions and rediscovered in 1279, and have been venerated without interruption ever since.

For centuries the relics were missing—disappearing from about 710 A.D. when the Saracens pillaged the South of France and the Church hid sacred objects to safeguard

St. John the Evangelist

502 South Park Boulevard

Streamwood, Illinois 60107 630-837-6500

Wednesday, February 27th

8:45 am Mass—with candlelight procession with the Knights of Columbus as the relic enters the Church,

10 am—Spiritual talk,

“*Mary Magdalene and the Most Holy Eucharist*,” by Deacon James Devine from the Basilica of Saint Mary Magdalene in the South of France, followed by the

Chaplet & Litany to Saint Mary Magdalene,

11 am—Confessions, 12 noon—Staff prays Chaplet &

Litany to Saint Mary Magdalene,

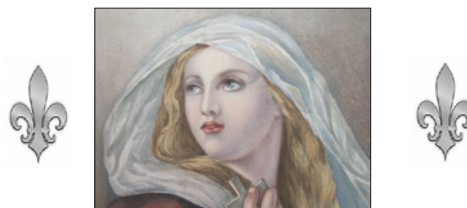
1 pm—Spiritual Talk for the school children

by Deacon James,

5 pm—Chaplet of Divine Mercy and Meditation on Lent,

6:30 pm—Rosary lead by Knights of Columbus,

7 pm Mass followed by a candlelight procession accompanying the relic as it leaves the Church.



them. Then in 1279, they were discovered by Charles II of Anjou, the Count of Provence. In a crypt of a chapel in the town of *St. Maximin-la-Sainte-Baume* was found a sarcophagus. Upon opening, the air was filled with an aromatic fragrance. The sarcophagus contained a piece of old parchment wrapped in wax dated 710 A.D. and a wooden tablet with the words, “*Here lies the body of Mary Magdalene.*”

Shortly after this discovery Pope Boniface VIII published the pontifical bull for the establishment of the Dominicans at *La Sainte-Baume* (the cave) and St. Maximin, (town of the Basilica of Saint Mary Magdalene—20 miles from the cave). The Dominicans have remained guards of the relic ever since. The home of Father Henri-Dominique de Spéville is *La Sainte-Baume*, where hundreds of thousands of pilgrims, including many kings and popes and saints, have continued to journey to pray and to give thanks for the intercession of Saint Mary Magdalene.